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was prostrated with fever to-day, and was also taken to the Infirmary.

CANTON, Miss., Sept. 13.—Our worst fears have been realized. The cold weather and heavy rains of the last two days have had the most disastrous effects. The new cases during the past twenty-four hours are thirty-six, deaths, four. Our doctors (Syme, Clegg, Dr. Frost, and Dr. D. C. Howard) and our Orleans, are hurrying from house to hotel, and our nurses, over sixty in number, have more than they can manage. It is enough to cringe the shivers, to be sick, to faint for the cold and consuming pestilence.

The thermometer this morning was at 45 deg. For the Canton Howard.

TERRY, Miss.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 13.—The fever is still the following:

TERRY, Miss., Sept. 13.—We have a fever at Dry Grove closely resembling yellow fever. It can't be distinguished. It seems to be a fever and convulsions.

IMPERIAL, Miss., Sept. 13.—W. W. West.

BATON ROUGE.

BATON ROUGE, Sept. 13.—Fifty or sixty new cases for the last two days, and the fever is rapidly increasing.

Three deaths by fever.

Father Laval, the Catholic priest, and Phillip Matchet, Esq., Vice Consul of France, are down sick with the fever. The priest has been to the sick.

The weather continues cold, but there is no frost.

LEON JASPER FERRELL, Mayor.

GRANGE, TERR., Sept. 13.—The Fever is still the following:

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 13.—Gov. Porter received a dispatch to night from Edward Becton, Mayor of Grand Junction, informing him of the terrible pestilence that has broken out there.

It is appalling.

A town full of fever patients without nurses. He appealed to the Governor to aid him in this emergency.

Foggy and dark.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 13.—John C. Moore, the president of the Can't Get-Away Club, and twelve nurses started to night for Grand Junction, where they have been staying for the next train and physicians stating that the town is a hospital.

PHOENIX, Miss.

BELZEL, Miss., Sept. 13.—The fever has appeared here. Three deaths yesterday—Minister Lambic, Mrs. Murphy, and Miss Dunn. Three new cases reported to-day.

CHICAGO.

NO GREAT AMOUNT OF HEROISM IN STEVENSON, ALL.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

STEVENSON, Ill., Sept. 13.—A man named Williamson, of the County, has arrived to night to Memphis to join the Howard, Asylum at 5 p. m. from the palace-stricken city, via the Memphis & Charleston Railway, en route for Chattanooga. He was taken violently sick with a consuming fever, was hastily placed on a Memphis & Charleston Railroad box-car, a fire built in it, and the car switched a quarter of a mile out of town. No one would go near him after that, but John S. Matthews, hotel clerk, and others, who had been to the city, volunteered to care for him. Dr. B. West, of Chattanooga, to-night attended him, and will reach Stevenson by 10:30 a. m. Dr. Cowan has volunteered to go from Tulibough, and Dr. Steger from Nashville, and will reach Williams at 2 o'clock to-night.

MISSISSIPPI.

A DAY OF PRAYER.

JACKSON, Miss., Sept. 13.—Gov. Stone has issued the following proclamation:

WHEREAS, The hand of affliction has been laid heavily upon our people, and a fatal epidemic is now sweeping over the State, causing death, desolation, and despair into hundreds of families; and

WHEREAS, No relief has been found in human skill, and believing in the efficacy of prayer to Almighty God who has promised to help his people in all their trials.

Now, therefore, I, J. W. Stone, Governor of the State of Mississippi, do recommend that on Friday, the 14th instant, all the people of the State, throughout the State, repair to their respective places of worship, and, after their united petitions to Almighty God, that they withdraw from our people this terrible affliction, and that He in His infinite goodness and mercy will restore them to health and happiness in their mourning households.

J. W. STONE.

Governor of Mississippi.

THE MAIL.

DISTRESSING STATE OF AFFAIRS AT GRENADA.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 13.—The Post-Office Department has great difficulty in the management of the postal affairs in the infected districts. At Grenada, the situation is far from being favorable.

The Postmaster, Mr. F. D. Howard, a few days ago, when a telegraphic appeal was received requesting that his wife, who was not very well, be appointed his successor, as the salary was needed. The Department replied that they would wait until she recovered before appointing her. The morning a dispatch was received that she was dead. All the bondsmen are dead, or have left the city. All the money, stamps, and the only persons who know the combination are dead. A citizen is now acting as volunteer Postmaster for two hours daily. All this is in violation of law on the part of the Department, but there is no redress.

The Department has daily applications from numbers of reckless adventurers and charitable persons to go to the South. They all come from uncleaned districts and necessarily decline. One enthusiastic youth of 22 days ago, to entreat as special agent to visit the infected districts, and the only persons who know the combination are dead. A citizen is now acting as volunteer Postmaster for two hours daily. All this is in violation of law on the part of the Department, but there is no redress.

His services were not accepted.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

CALIFORNIA, Sept. 13.—Mukly died this morning. No new cases reported. About 600 people left last night. Many towns above are quarantined against Cairo.

To the Western Associated Press.

CALIFORNIA, Sept. 13.—The experiment over the care of the stricken has been submitted to the Board of Health.

Mr. Malley died this morning. He was promptly buried, and the premises were thoroughly disinfected. Several hundred panic-stricken people went north by the night and morning trains.

The fact that no new cases are reported this morning has done much to quiet excitement and alarm, as the city is no greater danger than before.

In consequence of these cases, Centralia has quarantined against trains from Cairo.

CINCINNATI.

Sept. 13.—This being the day set apart for prayer for the stricken South, according to Gov. Bishop's proclamation, there is no session of the Chamber of Commerce, the regular part of the Board of Public Works.

Services are being held in several of the churches.

The rainy weather for the past day or two has had a damaging effect on yellow fever patients.

John's Hill Hospital.

The cases were being quite successfully treated until the damp atmosphere came to interfere. August Schmitz arranged a truce for their special benefit. The plan will be carried out.

Dr. J. H. Bumford.

1:40 p. m.—Alphonso R. Smith, of New Haven, died of yellow fever at Eagle Hill Hospital to-day.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

GARFIELD, N. H., Sept. 13.—In the infected districts there are now thirteen cases, three having been convalescent to-day. Two of these (William Woods and Dr. J. H. Bumford) are very bad. The balance are improved.

There are no new cases reported in the past two days and no deaths. The rain continued till midnight. To-day has been cloudy, with the thermometer at 60 deg. The panic is entirely

allayed in the city, and the presence of the source would hardly be suspected if to have almost total suspension of business owing to the general prevalence of the disease.

Turner Hall. In the evening a ball will be given at Turner Hall. It is understood that the entire proceeds will be forwarded to the booths.

The freights and supplies for the booths will be run by the citizens. Extra trains will be run from the city at convenient hours during the day and evening.

NO CLASH WHATEVER.

RELIEF.

MILWAUKEE.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 13.—The Committee of the festival held in aid of the yellow fever sufferers to-night, will be drawn on stock for \$2,000, to be divided between Milwaukee, Vicksburg, and New Orleans. The total amount will probably be twice that sum, but returns from tickets are not yet in.

ANN ARBOR, MICH.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Sept. 13.—The amount of the yellow fever sufferers to-day to be drawn on stock for \$2,000, to be divided between Milwaukee, Vicksburg, and New Orleans.

The total amount will probably be twice that sum, but returns from tickets are not yet in.

DETROIT, MICH.

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SPRINGFIELD, ILL.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 13.—Cornelia Dorn, Mrs. Dorn, and Dr. Dorn for New York on Monday, to-day.

Mr. McDonald suggested that the Base-Ball Club should be organized for the yellow fever.

Mr. McDonald's suggestion was taken up, and a motion made and seconded to the effect that a committee be appointed to see about securing the club.

Mr. Hartmann thought that a place at the Board of Trade would be suitable.

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FINANCE AND TRADE.

An Inactive Loan Market, and a Diminishing Demand for Currency.

The Secret of the Bank of England's Trouble with Its Reserve.

The Produce Markets Moderate by Active and Easier Provisions Tame.

A Marked Decline in Wheat--Barley Heavy--Corn Lower.

FINANCIAL.

A considerable decrease of the movement of currency has been experienced recently. The cause of this is the same as that of the decreasing earnings of some of the Western railroads--the great number of county and State fairs now in session. These meetings take away from their farm work a great many farmers, who, in addition, are more inclined to go to the fairs than to the markets, and to make it is to be expected. The country banks continue to apply for redemptions, evidently with the expectation that there is still to be a large drain of funds.

The loan market is not freely supplied with paper. That offered is of a good quality, on the average, and much confidence is held by bankers in the prospects of a good discount business. Rates are 6 to 10 per cent, with special rates in special cases.

New York exchange was sold between banks at 22 1/2 to 23 1/2 per \$1,000.

Cloakings were \$3,000,000.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

Ernest Seyd has succeeded Walter Bagshot as the expositor of the evils of the policy of the Bank of England, and has a following for his views.

The bank has steadily retired away from the place it was created to fill, and has become little more than the keeper of Government accounts, and of the reserve of other banks. Its management has been such as to derange instead of steady the money market.

The special views advanced by Mr. Seyd, which are fully discussed in a paper read some time ago before the Statistical Society, was that the bank entirely missed the mark in its treatment of the right conference in the Act of 1863, and its legal-tender currency.

That was intended, like the Free Banking act of the United States, to give a currency with a volume that should fluctuate in nice response to the needs of the country. But the Directors of the bank have been too anxious of a volume of \$100,000,000 to be loaned, and have constantly worried the business public with changes of the rate of discount to maintain gold reserve for this superfluous currency. The Bank of France, the best bank in the world, has the paper-money privilege like the Bank of England, but manages it quite differently. They keep out no currency than the public call for, and the French business public is quite free from the disturbing changes in the money market.

The Bank of England makes no claim in the rates of discount than any other bank in the world. There have been more than a hundred changes in the Bank of England rate in the last nine years, while in that of the Bank of France there have been only two.

What is equally in point is the fact that the Bank of France has never shown any unpopularity about its reserve, while the Bank of England, and with it all the banks and bankers dependent on it, have never been at ease in this respect. The Bank of France has its bullion and for \$100,000,000 in 1873 to \$400,000,000 after the war, without carrying its discount-rate up above 7 per cent. The records of the Bank of England show that the public never wanted more than \$145,000,000 of notes, while the bank has frequently treated \$200,000,000. The results are described by Seyd.

The practical effect is to cause the bank to depress its rates when the accumulation of unuseable notes is great, and to increase its rates when it is inevitable to withdraw a portion of its reserves.

It is the duty of the Bank of England to keep afloat, let these securities be held as a "potential source of currency" to be put out when called for. In this way the question of reserve now so embittered would be made as simple as possible.

It is the plan of the Bank of France to leave the main part of the circulation in the hands of the Bank of France, and to leave the rest to the business of the foreign houses, almost without exception, and live there with their families. The importers of France, can therefore hardly

exist without the business of the bank.

MEXICAN TRADE.

The plan of relief proposed by Seyd is to reduce the notes issued against the Government securities held by the Bank of England, and of the notes held by the Bank of France, 500,000,000, which there are no means to keep afloat, let these securities be held as a "potential source of currency" to be put out when called for. In this way the question of reserve now so embittered would be made as simple as possible.

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exist without the business of the bank.

THE SILVER MARKET.

The London *Economist* of Sept. 3 says of all, then selling at \$254 an ounce:

The price of wheat is very high, and the price of 40 weeks is \$254 per oz. The arrivals of this metal are also small, for Germany will not import from the United States, and the American surplus stock is the lowest since 1873. Yet the Government has issued \$200,000,000 of notes, and there was a demand for \$140,000,000 of notes to \$25,000,000 of the \$75,000,000 Government securities held by the bank. Seyd's explanation of the cause of the growing difficulties of the bank is the simplest that has ever been offered, and will be accepted with interest by the business of

MEXICAN BONDS.

Senor Zambrano, who is the business man of Mexico, estimated the imports of Mexico at \$70,000,000 to \$75,000,000 a year. A merchant of long experience in Mexican trade writes as follows to the New York *Bulletin*:

Mexican imports can hardly be traced, except by a count of the number of goods. The exports, however, are about \$20,000,000 a year, and, at the very outside, \$25,000,000. The balance of \$50,000,000 of the latter coming to this country. The Mexican trade pays very heavy amounts for interest, etc., in the foreign houses, and many of the wealthier natives reside abroad. The foreign houses, almost without exception, are the foreign houses, almost without exception, and live there with their families. The importers of Mexico, can therefore hardly

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RAILROAD BONDS.

The following bid for railroad bonds were made on New York Stock Exchange on Wednesday, Sept. 5, 1873: 1. New York & Erie new bonds, 111 1/2 to 112 1/2 per cent.; 2. New York & Erie old bonds, 111 1/2 to 112 1/2 per cent.; 3. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 4. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 5. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 6. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 7. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 8. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 9. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 10. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 11. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 12. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 13. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 14. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 15. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 16. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 17. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 18. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 19. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 20. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 21. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 22. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 23. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 24. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 25. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 26. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 27. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 28. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 29. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 30. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 31. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 32. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 33. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 34. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 35. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 36. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 37. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 38. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 39. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 40. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 41. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 42. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 43. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 44. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 45. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 46. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 47. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 48. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 49. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 50. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 51. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 52. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 53. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 54. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 55. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 56. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 57. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 58. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 59. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 60. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 61. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 62. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 63. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 64. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 65. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 66. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 67. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 68. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 69. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 70. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 71. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 72. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 73. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 74. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 75. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 76. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 77. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 78. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 79. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 80. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 81. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 82. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 83. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 84. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 85. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 86. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 87. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 88. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 89. New York & Erie, 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.; 90. 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THE EMPRESS EUGENIE

At Constantinople in 1869, and at Event in 1878.

Sketch by Mr. Albert Wolff, of the Paris Figure.

Special Correspondence of The Tribune.

Paris, Aug. 30.—Of the large and brilliant staff of the *Figaro* no name is better known than that of Albert Wolff. He has just returned from a flying trip to the German mountains, and in his "Courrier d'un Touriste," gives the following graphic reminiscences of the former Empress of the French, whose name was on an all-powerful list of names of the Society of the Second Empire, now come into history.

CURRENT Gossip.

POOLING THEIR ISSUES.

Boston Post.

"You needn't work to day, dear Mike.

"Stay at home, me honey,

"For Denby Kearney sure has said

"To buy us all our food and clothes,

"And me fine shawls and shenas,

"If you'll only hold her talk.

"And go and pool your issues."

Mike staggers home quite drunk at night,

And makes a rafterful:

"Then Bridget meets him with the cry:

"Whatever is the matter?

"Your clothes and your nose is smashed,

"And make me a new coat and shoes,

"I've been aching, says Mike,

"A poolin' of my issues."

When Mike aches he grows and asks:

"Now what's for supper, Bridget?"

"Say what you want, Mike,"

"I thought you was a good man,

"And make me a new coat and shoes,

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